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ISLAND

MARRIAGE.



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### ISLAND of MARRIAGE.

HE Country which I am going to describe to you, is an Island of a vast Extent, and indisputably the most populous of any Country in the Universe. There is no Possibility of entering it, but in Couples, a Man and a Woman, whence it happens, that there is always an equal Number of both Sexes therein: For, no sooner has any one set his Foot in it, but there is a strong Guard placed continually at the Mouths of the Harbours, which prevents all Persons whatsoever, from stirring from thence, but on Condition of having their Partners carried to the Grave, and being themselves transported to the Peninsula of Widowbood, which is at one of the Ends of the Island.

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Nor is this Precaution needless; for were it not for these Guards, this Island, as populous as it is, would soon be a meer Desert; for, notwithstanding Thousands of Strangers are slocking thither every Day from all Parts, being induced thereunto by the Spirit of Curiosity, the sirst Ruin of Mankind, it is very certain that most of the Inhabitants would soon swarm out again by Millions, did not these numerous Guards render it impracticable.

There is no Way to arrive at this vast Region, but by two Ports; the one whereof is called Interest, and the other Love. The first of these is a trading Port, sull of immense Riches, where Fathers and Mothers keep a perpetual Fair, to put off their Daughters, who are set out for Sale in their Warehouses, and are disposed of for good round Sums in ready Money. But there is one Thing very particular in the Way of trading of these Gentry; for whereas other Dealers expect Money in Return for their Goods, these give a handsome Price to those who will take their Merchandize off their Hands. The Port of Interest is open on all Sides, and one may enter it with any Wind.

The other is a most agreeable Port, abounding with all imaginable Pleasures: The People live there in a perpetual Spring, and the Trees, which are ever green, are always full of Birds, which make

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make the Air resound with their Love inspiring Harmony. The only Wind that carries into this Port, is a gentle Gale called Sighs, and one always enters therein with Delight; but very often before one can get in, there arises sudden Hurricanes, which come from the high Mountain of Parents, drive the Vessels back into open Sea, and prevent their putting into Port. Nevertheless when the above-mentioned Gale is good, and perseveres constantly in blowing from the Region of Sighs, it seldom fails of getting the better of these Hurricanes, and bringing Passengers safe into Harbour.

When one comes first within Sight of this Island, and takes a View of it as a off, before one's entering the Port, nothing can seem either more inviting, or more agreeable. One is entertain'd on all Sides with enchanting Prospects, that form beautiful Landskips to distant Beholders, and deceive the Eye most egregiously; but no sooner has one once set Foot ashore, but in Proportion as one advances up into the Country, one perceives that those Plains, which seemed before, when at a Distance, to be covered with a lively Verdure, to be enamelled with Flowers, and to slourish with all the Beauties of the jolly Spring, are overspread with Briars and Thorns, and full of dark and melancholly Vales, divided by Torrents, and

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Precipices, abounding with intricate and perplexing Roads, that are crossed by Morasses, which render them unpassable. One finds also that those beautiful rising Grounds, which one fancied covered with little verdant Groves, are nothing but Heaps of steep Rocks, between the mournful Cypresses, which overshade them; besides which, they are full of wild Beasts, Dragons, and Serpents.

Thus 'tis evident that this Island affords two very different Prospects; one, which is very agreeable, to those who have not yet set Foot thereon, and only view it at a Distance; and another, which is highly disagreeable, to those who have run themselves wilfully into that Consinement, and who are no sooner inthralled therein, but they offer up their most ardent Vows, for that dear Liberty, which they have given up so imprudently; insomuch that it is just the same with them, as with the Goldsinch and the Cage.

How sweet to warble in a Cage,

And with soft Notes our Cares t'assimage!

All's there provided at our Need,

Pure limpid Stream, good wholesome Seed;

A kind She too, with whom to play,

And sing and sport the Hours away:

Thus

Island of Marriage.

Thus faid a Goldfinch blithe, when he Incag'd, a Linnet once did fee, (Himself mean while at Liberty) With chearful Note, and joyous Sound. Who made his Prison Walls resound. So Damon when one Day he 'fpy'd, A blooming Virgin, Nature's Pride, With Extasy and Rapture cry'd: Thrice bappy I beyond Mankind, Were I but to that Fair One join'd, In an undiffoluble Tye, With her to live, with ber to die. But neither Cage nor Marriage State, E'er Shew their Evils 'till too late ; Nor Birds, nor Men, find out the Cheat, 'Till they are in, and past Retreat, O you, who burn with am'rous Fire, Wou'd you still keep alive Defire, And add fresh Fuel to the Flame, Still love, but never wed the Dame.

The Inhabitants of this Island are at perpetual War with those of the Isle of Amathontis, or of Lowers, which lies very near them: I shall describe in the Sequel, after what Manner their Wars are carried on; but first, it will be necessary to give a Description of the different Inhabitants of the Isle of Marriage.

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Towards the East, and inclining a little to the South, one may see another Island, separated by a great Arm of the Sea, which holds no Manner of Correspondence with our Isle; it is called Polygamy: The Mahometans have usurped to themselves the Possession thereof, and our rigid Laws forbid our so much as touching thereat, on the most severe Penalties.

Not but that there have sometimes been Travellers, who have been so curious as to take a Trip thither either out of a Frolick, or out of Love, and have obtained Admittance there by some Stratagem: But nevertheless they have not been able to effect this, without embroiling themselves with the Courts of Justice, and unless one has as much Gold to throw away as my Lord M-d, one runs the Hazzard of taking a Voyage with Count Cahoon, to the Chequer-Inn, in Newgate-Street.

The Mahometans then are left in peaceable Posfession of the Isle of Polygamy, and they have accordingly caused the following Verses to be cut in Golden Letters upon a Marble, which is placed at the Head of the Pier of their Harbour.

To satisfy Love's raging Flames, We Musfulmans wed twenty Dames;

Although,

## Island of Marriage.

Although, we own the strongest He,
More than enough, will find one She:
But this with us a Rule we make,
'Tis not too much a Score to take,
So that among them we can find,
One Wife that's gen'rous, just, and kind.

The Island of Marriage is divided into five Provinces, which have each of them a Capital City, and several little Towns dependent thereon. Four of these Provinces extend themselves along the four Sea Coasts, but the largest, which is chiefly peopled by the Colonies that slock thither from the other four, is in the Center of the Island, the Government whereof it has usurped, through the prodigious Number of its Inhabitants.

The four Provinces which lye along the Sea Coasts, are inhabited by the Discreet, the Ill-matched, the Ill-at-Ease, and the Jealous: The Head Province, which is in the Middle, is the famous Cuckoldshire, whose Capital is the well-known Hornborough. But besides these five Provinces, there are likewise two Peninsulas, the one of Widowbood, and the other of Divorce, which have taken up two Necks of Land, at two Ends of this Island.

The Province of the Discreet, who were formerly called the Faithful, extends itself along the whole Eastern

its Buildings are modest and regular, its Fortifications good, and capable of making a resolute Defence; it is water'd by Chastity, which is a River, whose pure Stream flows softly, and without Noise, although in its Course, it is enlarged by the Waters of four Rivulets, called Piety, Austerity, Moratity, and Vigilance: These have nothing agreeable in them, because they only run in Meanders, and their Sides are every where covered with Briars, and Thickets, which prevent the Incursions of the Scouts of Amathonis, who might otherwise attempt to land there.

The Governour of this City is Prince Integrity, and my Lord Honour is the Civil Magistrate; their Churches are always open, they live there with Frugality, and enjoy no Pleasures but what are innocent. The Publick Walks where they take the Air, are all planted with Linden Trees, that are sprung from those into which Baucis and Philemon were changed; and all their Fences are Pallisadoes of Laurel, sprung from the chast Daphne.

Nevertheless as delightful and well governed as this City is, one can scarcely imagine how very few Inhabitants there are therein; and were it not for the *Prudes*, who have found the Means to get Admittance into it, under the borrowed Mask of Virtue, this Province would be almost a Desart.

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These Prudes then possess the largest Part of this City, and inhabit a Quarter, which is separated from the others by the Obscure, a little River overshaded with Trees, which shield it from the Beams of the Sun, and disembogues itself into the Black Sea.

Their Houses on the Outside, are not to be diflinguished from those of the Discreet; but when my Lord Honour goes from Time to Time, and makes a narrow Inspection into the Inside of their Tenements, he finds so vast a Difference between their outward Appearance, and their Management within Doors, that he is often forced to banish them, and to send large Colonies of them to people the Head Province.

The Metropolis being so poorly inhabited, it may be well thought that the Country-Towns and Villages are yet worse. In effect, one meets only with a few scattered up and down, and almost without Inhabitants; and even these are of such a churlish untractable Temper, that a Passenger is hard put to it to find a Lodging.

Although those who are really discreet, are baughty and reserved, they behave themselves with yet less Haughtiness than the Prudes; there are no People in the World who extol their own Merit to such a Degree as they, or make such a Noise about their Virtue, insomuch that they treat all

their

although they affect to feem wonderfully intrepid, and to be eager for the Combat, they often prove not to be fo brave, as they would be thought by their Discourse; and the Amathonius seldom attempt to invade their Territories, without making considerable Havock among them.

Even amongst the real Discreet, one may find two different Sorts; one of these are so through a Principle of Honour, and are always as chearful, as they are invincible; but there are others, whose Chastity is more owing to their Vanity, than their Virtue; these have always a sullen Gravity in their Looks, which sufficiently demonstrates, that they are not at all pleased with their Condition.

As little inhabited as the Country is, and as severe as the Laws of their Government are, it does not prevent some, and those even of the most Discreet, from removing daily into the Head Province; for, in short, Virtue, as well as the Mind, grows weary of too intense an Application to one Point, and is apt to abate of its sirst Severity; but those who stay behind, look upon these Deserters with Contempt, for which Reason, they have set up the following Inscription over the Front of their principal Gate.

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Ye wirtuous Fair, our Island's Pride,
Whose sterling Honour often try'd,
Has always made a brave Defence;
Hither without Distrust repair,
Here you may live secure from Fear,
Arm'd Cap a pee with Innocence.
What the we are in Number sew?
We're all intrepid, staunch, and true,
Nor Treachery, nor Ambush dread.
Nor need we 'gainst our Honour's Foes,
Implore the feeble Aid of Those,
Who basely from our Colours sted.

On the opposite Side of the Island, that is on the Western Coast, is the whimsical and unaccountable Province of the Ill-match'd: The Metropolis of this Province is called the Old Town. None of the Buildings of this City have any Conformity one with the other, nor is there any Manner of Symmetry observed therein; insomuch that one may often see a great Gate to a small House, and a diminitive Wicket to a spacious Palace. is watered by two Rivers, one whereof is called the Fantafque, and the other the Clandestine; The one is a River confisting wholly of Cascades, and harrying every Moment with Violence, down Precipices; and the other a rapid Torrent, which being ashamed of showing itself, runs impetuoufly impetuously under Ground, but notwithstanding the Care it takes to hide its Course, cannot prevent its being discovered, by a hollow Noise it makes in flowing.

As foon as one has fet Foot within the Gates of this City, one hears nothing but the Cries and Complaints of Children, whom either an old Mother has facrificed to a young Rake, or whom an old Debauchee has given up as Victims to a young Coquet. Here the Master of a Family marries his Cook-Maid, and there an old Beldame of Quality takes to Husband her Valet de Chambre, and folemnizes in her own Chapel a Ceremony, which serves only to add fresh Shame to her Licentiousness.

At the Gates of this City grows that famous Wood, mentioned by the bantering Doctor in the Play. The Trees, he says of this Wood, bear the Heads of all Sorts of Iron Tools, and the Earth underneath produces proper Handles wherewith to sit them up; but it often happens, that when the Iron is at full Growth, and falls, instead of meeting with a Handle that would be proper for it, it drops upon one that matches it most preposterously: For Instance, the Head of a Scythe falls upon the Handle of a Pike, the Head of a Halberd upon the Helve of a Hatchet, and so of all the

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the rest, insomuch that not one of them meets with a Handle suitable to its Purpose.

It is just the same Case with those who make Matches so disproportionable, either for Age or Quality, that they only render themselves a Laughing Stock to every one who hears thereof; I would have all Persons therefore remember this as an infallible Truth:

> On equal Hinges turns the Marriage State, No Happiness therein's allowed by Fate, Two great a Disproportion if there be, In Fortune, Humbur, Age, or Quality.

For although it is a very common Saying, and almost grown into a Proverb, That Love will unite the most distant Extreams in its Center; it is only in Love-Affairs that this Union must be understood to be effected with Pleasure; but when the indissoluble Tye of Matrimony is in the Case, the Proverb will be found no longer to hold good.

Upon the Southern Coast of this Island, is the Province of the Ill-at-Ease, whose Capital City is Short-Allowance, under the Command of Colonel Hard-Fare. The Inhabitants of this Country are melancholly and fretful; the Houses are but Cottages, which the Want of Belly-Timber unfurnishes by little and little; the Kitchens all lye

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open to the North-Wind, and the People therein have little else to do, but to blow their Fingers. The City is watered by Famine, a forry little Brook, which only runs murmuring over a Parcel of Flint-Stones, and does not afford the smallest little Fish; the barren Fields yield nothing but Straw, and the Vines nought but sower and distasteful Grapes.

Notwithstanding this miserable Want of necessary Provision, most Part of the Inhabitants, and especially the Women, will cheat their Bellies of the little they can afford, to bestow it upon a deceitful Dress, which conceals their inward Necessities under a Disguise of an easy Outside: But this Desire of Finery, beyond what they can afford, and the Cries of a half-starved Belly, makes these Inhabitants leave this miserable Country with Pleasure, and slock in large Colonies, to People the Head Province, and endeavour to help the Barrenness of their Lands by the kindly Showers of Gold that fall from the Pockets of their Lovers.

Gallants, who study Night and Day,
To gain fresh Conquests o'er the Fair,
The coyest she will fall a Prey,
When her own Wants first lay the Snare.

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On the Northern Coast of the Isle of Marriage lies the Province of the Jealous, whose Capital City is situated on the Middle of Mount Chimæra, just in that Part which the Antients said was inhabited by Bulls and Goats, the Top being possessed by Lions, and the Bottom by Serpents; which gave Rise to the Fable of its being an Animal composed of three Natures. But the Poets, who were wretched Geographers, have mistaken its Situation, since it is certainly in this Province that Mount Chimæra is situated.

The Metropolis of the Jealous is call'd False Belief; it is water'd by Anxiety, which is a River, whose deep yellow Stream, serves the Inhabitants as a deceitful and fallacious Looking-Glass, and fills their Heads with borned Visions, by representing Things to them in a quite different Manner from what they are in Reality. But besides the delusive Nature of the Water of this River, the Inhabitants, in Imitation of the Antojos amongst the Spaniards, never stir a Step without wearing upon their Noses great Spectacles made of magnifying Glass, which magnifies all Objects to that Degree, that the smallest Fly seems to them like an Elephant, and every Atom appears to be a Pair of large Brow-Antlers.

These People are the most Savage of any in the whole Island, and their Country is the most rugged

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and unpassable: It is wholly overspread with steep Mountains, cover'd with impenetrable Woods, gloomy Vales, and barren Plains; wherefore none but the Native Inhabitants can dwell therein, neither would the Jealous suffer them if they cou'd, and much less the Amathontins, than any others; because they are firmly persuaded, that they find some Means or other, to accomplish their Designs every where.

The Capital City, altho' fituated on the Side of a Hill, stands nevertheless in a very obscure Place, and is overshadowed with Mountains on every Side. There is no Way to it but by narrow difficult Roads, full of watchful Centinals, whose Eyes are never both closed at one Time, but the one wakes, while the other sleeps. They caused formerly the following Inscription to be set up upon a high Post, that was erected for that Purpose, beyond the Glacis of their Fortifications.

Deceivers, Sly, Gallants, away,
This is no Place for you to stay;
Yourselves who walne on base Arts,
To circumwent weak Women's Hearts:
This City is forbidden Ground,
March off, nor in these Parts be found;
You may indeed the Outworks wiew,
But all within's forbidden you.

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The Amathontis being nettled at the prefumptuous Confidence of these Verses, march'd thither one Night, blotted them out, and substituted these following in their Room.

When once two Hearts which burn with mulual.

Fires,

With prudent Care conceal their fierce Defires,
The subtlest He no easy Task will find,
To part that Pair whom ardent Love has join'd.
In vain a Fool may watch them up and down,
He'll scratch his Horns at last, and fighing own,
When Wife and Spark are firm combin'd to gull
you,

Do what you please, you'll find your self their Cully.

The Streets of this City are extreamly lightfome, and very strait, to the End that one may be able to have a clear View of all that is transacted therein, from one End to the other; but the Houses are extreamly dark, having but sew Windows, and those very small, and cross-barr'd: The Inhabitants are mighty grave, and hold very little Correspondence with their Neighbours.

Although the City be pretty Populous, one fces very few Folks in the Streets, and the Husbands beat the Tat-Too very early, to call their Wives

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home in good Time, before the Dusk of the Evening exposes them to any Surprize: They are an odd fort of Mortals; they are perpetually upon Thorns, and one may see them hurry out, and return in again, every Minute, with the utmost Abruptness, their Eyes staring all the while, and their Ears pricked up, with the utmost Attention and Anguish.

They apply to themselves every Word that is spoken; and tremble at the Sight of a Man of Gallantry, as much as a Dove at the Sight of a Hawk: Then it is that they are very diverting, by the Ridiculousness and Folly of their Uneasiness; which is fo far from being of any Service to them, that they themselves contribute most to the Success of their Enemies Affairs, by their perpetual teazing and provoking those, whom they would defend from their Attacks: Since it is certain that nothing contributes more to the Conquest of a Gallant, than the Reasons one gives a Wife to revenge herfelf of one's ill Usage; and I have known those whose Pleasure has received a more exquisite Relish, by the extravagant Humours and Caprices of a jealous Cuckold.

'Tis said that one Day, a pretty large Colony of these jealous Husbands, were obliged to remove all together into the Head Province, and that by a very whimsical and merry Accident. An Amathontin,

who

who had found Means to steal into their Quarters, took it in his Head to post up the following Verfes, in the principal Square of the City.

Cease, jealous Fools, your Storming, cease,
Which does but your own Woes increase,
And add fresh Fuel to our Fires,
To teaze your Spouses Night and Day,
Believe me, is the ready Way,
To make them yield to loose Desires.
Your unkind Blows, to tender Wives,
Your caustes Brawls, and restless Lives,
In everlasting Discord spent;
Will to yourselves most fatal prove,
Will kindle Hate, instead of Love,
And forward what you'd most prevent.

Hereupon one of the Inhabitants, who having a Flea in his Ear, happened to rife earlier than the Rest, and had some Business in that Square; went thither, sound these Verses, tore them down that Instant, hurried Home directly with all Speed, and thresh'd his Wise most enormously: This done, he handed them about very carefully from Door to Door amongst all his Neighbours; who taking each of them, the Thing to himself, treated his Rib just in the same Manner as the first Coxcomb; but notwithstanding all the Vigilance of these

these Noodles, every one of the Women concerted their Measures so well together, that they were fully revenged of them, the very Night following; insomuch that the next Morning when they awoke, all these jealous Coxcombs sound themselves in Cuckoldsbire, without having ever dreamed of it, and were irrecoverably entered upon the Register of the Head-Province.

I have already observed that this City is watered by the River Anxiety, which is a large River, navigable from its very Spring. Its Waters have this Property, that they deprive one of Sleep; it yields no other Fish but Gudgeons, which the Amathontins often prevail on these jealous Gentry to swallow. The City is extreamly strong and inaccessible; the Walls, which are at least as thick as those built by Semiramis, are surrounded on all Sides by this deep River; fo that there is no approaching the City, but by a Bridge that is laid over the River, beyond which is a narrow Caufey, fortified by fix strong Batteries, well guarded, which lead up to the only Gate there is, infomuch that no Amathontin can pass, but by the Help of some Disguise. But as there are no People in the World that are more ingenious than this Nation, some of them perpetually find the Means to get into the City, which they feldom leave without making a terrible Havock.

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Having given an Account of the four Nations that inhabit the Sea Coast, Order next requires me to mention the Head Province of Cuckoldshire, and its numerous Inhabitants who by a very just Antonomasia have assumed to themselves the Name of Cuckolds.

The Capital of this Province, is called Horns borough, and is at least as large as London, to which it bears a very great Refemblance; but like the ancient Thebes, it has an Hundred Gates, that it may be able to give Entrance to the prodigious Concourse of New-comers, who daily flock thither from all Parts: All the World having a Title to a Freedom there, from the greatest Emperor to the most Scoundrel Blackguard; and as foon as his Spouse pleases, the Husband puts in his Claim, and enters into Possession in Right of his Wife. In short, this City, and indeed the whole Province has the same Property as the Sea and the Gallows, for it refuses none, from the Prince to the Beggar. It has been observed indeed by fome, in Exception to this, that there never was Pope, Cardinal, Jesuit, nor Priest in all this Province, I suppose, because they don't care for the Company of People of such bad Principles; but then, to make Amends, there have been abundance of Rosy-cheek'd Protestant Divines, especially A-b-ps, B-p-s, and dignified Clergymen, against whom no Exception has ever been made, they being always very welcome Guests.

This City is fituated in the Midst of a large and fertile Plain, abounding with all the Pleasures and Delicacies that can be wished for in Life; the Pactolus runs quite through the Midst of it, and its fruitful Streams, which abound with golden Sand, divide it exactly in two. My Lord Ready-Money, a Grandee of Spain, and formerly Vice-Roy of Peru, is Governor thereof; the Jupiters also of the Treasury, who can convert themselves into Golden Showers, bear great Sway there, it being from their powerful Body that the Magistracy are yearly chose; for which Reason they have caused the following Inscription to be set over the Front of their Town-Hall.

Whene'er We Lovers sue in wain.

And neither Sighs nor Vows await,

To move the Fair to ease our Pain,

The Golden Key will never fail.

Each Side of the Pactolus is divided into two Quarters; infomuch that the whole City confifts of four Parts, inhabited by four Sorts of Citizens, who from their different Characters are called by different Names: These are, the Content-

ed, the Frantick, the Incredulous, and the Imaginary Cuckolds.

The Contented Cuckolds dwell in a Quarter which they have named the Land of Plenty; they are a good Sort of People, with whom a Man may do what he will, and who withdraw com\_ modiously, and without Noise, as soon as ever a Lover appears. They would be very forry ever to interrupt the Pleasures of those who do them the Honour to visit their Wives: Their Word of Battle is, Let Pleasure be free, I consent. This jovial Humour is visible in all their Looks, Words, and Actions: there is nothing to be feen at their Houses but Dancing and Feasting perpetually, Operas, Balls. Masquerades, Hunting Matches, and Parties of Pleasure, of all which they are sure to be Partakers. The City is neither fortified with Walls, Gates, or Draw-Bridges, on their Side: amongst them every one lives without Constraint, and without Jealoufy; their only Care being after what Manner they shall divert themselves, provided it is at the Expence of the Amathontins; who are never better pleased than when they are among these good People, although they never fail to fend them by Degrees to an Hospital, in order to make Room for others: For Lovers are, in one Respect, like Fish, the freshest are alaways the best. And to the End that no Body

may be ignorant of the free and communicative Temper of those Gentry, Care has been taken to have these Verses engraven on a large Plate of Gold, and to have them set up in the Midst of the principal Square.

With us all lead contented Lives. None e'er conceal their foft Defires ; But Gallants, Husbands, and their Wives, Burn openly with mutual Fires. For what does Secrefy avail, To guard a buxom Female's Honour? The watchfull ft Husband's Care will fail, When once the loving Fit's upon her. To yield to Fate is then the best, And we the wifest Method follow; We drink, we feast, we take our Rest, And in Delights and Riches wallow. Ye jealous Fools, whose empty Pride, Makes you esteem our Conduct base, Had you but once the Difference try'd, Your felves you'd foon with in our Place. With Doubts and Fears, for ever cross'd, How much less happy Days d'ye pass! And who lives at another's Coft, Is not, I'm sure, the greatest Ass.

Over against these Contented Cuckolds, and on the other Side of a large Brook that parts them,

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are the Frantick Cuckolds, who have taken up their Residence in that Quarter of the Town where Cuckoldom has erected her Bedlam.

This Quarter which is called the Quarter of the Pazzi, is inhabited by those Fools, who take a Pleasure in publishing their own Shame, in making the Courts of Justice ring with their ridiculous Complaints, and diverting the Publick with the continual Farce of their Extravagancies. All their Recreation is in bedaubing themselves with Filth, and giving themselves abundance of Trouble, and that at a vast Charge, in order to convince the Courts of Justice of their having suffered a Difference, which they ought rather, if possible, to endeavour to unknow themselves, and with the Fruits of which the honest Lawyers feast themselves very merrily.

These extravagant Wretches are divided into two Classes, whereof the one have taken up their Quarters in the Hospital of the Curables; these are such, as after a fruitless Clamour, which has rendered them for some Time the Talk and Jest of the Town, begin to recover their Senses, and say, that all Things rightly considered, taking one Woman with another, they still like their own Wives best.

The others, who are lodged in a different, and yet less agrecable Quarter, are those incurable Lu-

naticks,

naticks, who under the Direction of a bornified Physician, ride full Speed to lay their Bones in an Alms-House, by making themselves a Prey to a senseles Obstinacy, and being the continual Bubbles of the Vultures and Harpies of the Law.

The Desolation of their Families, the Confinement of their Wives, the discoving and bastardizing of their own Children, with an inexhaustable Fund of Law-Suits entailed one upon another, are the necessary Consequences of their Frenzy; and the Countenance they find as long as they have Money wherewith to feed the hungry Lawyers, is what contributes to their Infatuation, and compleats their Ruin, to all Intents and Purposes.

One may see them always in a Fury, with their Eyes swelled out of their Heads, and their Faces in a Flame, running from Attorney to Attorney, and from Council to Council, hunting for, and hiring, at a vast Expence, false Witnesses, who cover all them with Ignominy, stopping their Ears against all the good Counsel that is given them, and shutting their Eyes against all the Examples of those who have recovered their Senses. But of all these mad Wretches, none sure was ever more distracted, than he over whose Door they pasted up the following Verses.

## Island of Marriage.

Pinchwife, the maddest of the horned Train, Drunk with the Fumes that cloud his empty Brain,

Confumes in Luw the Income of a Lord,
To be allowed a Cuckold on Record.
Yet tell him, He's a Fool, and that the Town,
Laugh at his Clamour, and deride his Moan;
That ev'ry prudent Man in such a Case,
Endeavours to keep secret his Disgrace;
Go preach to such a Wretch! as well you might.
Attempt to wash an Æthiopian white.

On the other Side of the Pattolus are the Imaginary Cackolds, who believe themselves to be what they are not, and the Incredulous Cucholds, who are not to be covinced that they are what they really are: These are two Sorts of Citizens, of very different Tempers; the first resolving to be Inhabitants of this City in Spight of all that could be done to prevent them; and the others being to the last Degree astonished at their being made free thereof, without having any Title to it, as they are pleased to flatter themselves. The Houses of these Two Sorts of Citizens, whose Tempers are fo very different, are separated from each other, by a Rivulet called the Perverje, whose Waters are so muddy and so thick, that the Eye cannot discover what lies at the Bottom.

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The Incredulous are only so, because they repose too intire, and too implicit a Considence in whatever their artful Wives endeavour to make them believe; they live contented, and at Quiet, but not like those contented Ones in that Quarter called the Land of Plenty, who both know of, give Consent to, and pocket up their Horns, in order to reap their own Benefit from it, but by the Means of an indolent Ignorance, that keeps them from all Uneasiness.

Whilst the Day lasts, their whole Employment is to enjoy a sweet and peaceable Repose in the Forest of Considence, a Place that is impenetrable by the Rays of the Sun, and not within the reach of the Noise of the City. The one might in vain beat all their Drums, and sound all their Trumpets, yet would it never in the least disturb their Ears; and the other might shine out with the greatest Lustre, and dissure all his brightest Rays around the Globe to as little Purpose, since it would not have the least Effect upon their Eyes. Happy they in their peaceful Indolence! But more happy still the artful Gipsies, who have brought them to such a Pass!

There is nothing to be seen in this Quarter, but mutual Pleasure and Endearments between the Husbands and Wives; the one, with an entire Confidence, think they can neither find Words obliging enough, enough, or Careffes tender enough to thank their Dears for a Fidelity, which they are far from keeping; and the subtle Baggages, the more they deceive them, the more they redouble their Wheedling, their Careffes, and all Manner of fond and ensnaring Endearments.

On the contrary, that Quarter which is inhabited by the Imaginary Cuckolds, differs widely from this in every Particular; the People there are morose, quarrelsome, and unsociable; one may observe them always upon their Guard against every Body, and both Sexes are equally fubject to this Virtigo. Nothing there is to be heard, but Quarrels and Reproaches; the one are perpetually troubled with the Spleen, and the others with the Vapours; their very Children fall Sacrifices to this reciprocal Caprice; even the most legitimate are looked upon as Bastard Grafts; every Thing there is misconstrued, and they judge of nothing without Prejudice. One cannot fo much as fet a Foot in the Streets, without finding a prodigious Number falling together by the Ears, and the honest Man in the Play, \* who interposed impertinently between the Fagget-Maker and his Wife, in order to bring them to a Reconciliation, would have found full Employ-

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<sup>\*</sup> The Mock Dector.

ment there, in meddling between the Bark and the Tree.

In short, these People are absolutely Incorrigible; for, although the Goddess of Reason once sent the famous Moliere to them, from the Contented Witalls of the Land of Plenty, in order to convince them of their Infatuation, by drawing an admirable Picture of the Extravagance of their Imaginations, he could never succeed in the Cure he had undertaken, and their Brains remained as much addled as ever; wherefore some Time after they were complimented with the following Verses.

When real Ills upon us fall,

If not felt, they're no Ills at all;

Nor do they cause much Grief or Pain:

But they whom fancied Ills oppress,

Sworn Foes to their own Happiness,

Are blest with Health and Wealth in vain.

Incurable is their Disease,

In vain one strives to give them Ease,

Ew'n Remedies themselves offend;

And all the fruitless Pains we take,

On their sick Brain a Gure to make,

Texasperate them only tend.

As Hornborough, although it is of a vast Extent, is far from being large enough to contain that prodigious Number of Inhabitants, who have actually an incontestable Right to a Freedom there, the Country round about swarms with the meaner Sort, who leave the City for Courtiers, Commissioners of the Treasury and Customs, Gentlemen of Estates, great Merchants, substantial Tradesmen, and some Officers of the Army; but above all for an infinite Number of Gown-Men, whose Profession marks them out for a Head-Piece of Horn-Work, which they very seldom fail to wear.

Having thus given an Account of the whole Body of the Island, there remains now only two little Districts to be described, which are two Peninsula's that run out into the Sea; the one, which is on a Neck of Land towards the North, is the Promontory of Divorce, and the other, which is on another towards the South, is the Promontory of Widowhood.

The Peninsula of Divorce, is only separated from the Isle of Marriage, by a very narrow Islamus, through which it is pretty difficult to pass. It is called the Islamus of Corinth; and from thence came the Proverb, that every Body is not allowed to go to Corinth; that is to say, that

every

every Body is not allowed a Passage into the Pe-

The Extravagance of an old Chancellour of a Diocess, who was desirous of rendering this Passage more easy, induced him formerly to constitute an imprudent, filthy, and brutal Giant, called my Lord Congress, Superintendant of this Isbmus. This was a Curious and Shameless Wretch, who in order to remove the Difficulties of this Passage, rendered Impotent, (by obliging them to be perform'd in Publick,) the Conjugal Efforts of those Husbands, who would have hindered their Wives from removing into this Peninfula. The Modesty of the Moderns, wou'd no longer suffer this filthy Lord to expose the Combatants to this Shame and Infamy, wherefore they have cashier'd this ridiculous Superintendant; but in Return, the artful Amathontins have brought into Play another Enchantress, who has been introduced under the Name of Separation, and they have supported her fo well, that the makes few Attempts without Success.

It is the who now peoples the Peninsula of Divorce, because the River Repudiate, whereby they formerly arrived thither, is no longer navigable; thus by removing a small Evil which produced a great Good, they have introduced a

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fmall Good, which does not prevent a great Evil.

This little Country has neither Towns nor Villages; all the Houses are separated from each other like Hermitages; and to take a View of it from the neighbouring Eminencies, one wou'd fancy it actually the Abode of fome Anchorets. But the Solitude and Melancholy of these Desarts, is mightily alleviated, by the frequent Intercourse of the Amathentins, who take abundance of Delight therein, and find the Means to administer agreeable Confolation to the folitary Inhabitants. Above all, this is the Place where the Gentlemen of the long Robe gain the most Triumphs; for as the Fair Sex cannot get over the Difficulties that obstruct this Passage, without the Assistance of those who wear that Robe, their first Care is always to provide themselves of a Protector, who may remove all Obstacles.

The Inhabitants of this Country are not beloved by those in the Isle of Marriage; but when the latter take upon them to blame their Conduct, they have an Answer ready, which is as follows.

Full bappily, tho' something late, We're freed from the cursed Marriage State,

That

That Bane and Torment of our Lives;
You who've of late put on those Chains,
And blame our Conduct, count your Gains,
When your new Dears are grown meer Wives,
A little Patience, we besech,
E're you begin to us to preach,
And you e're long will surely find,
That even they who fare the best,
And envy'd are by all the rest,
Are far from Blest in their own Mind.

Although these Divorces are most commonly demanded by the Women, the Men femetimes don't fail to take Advantage thereof, and feveral, Husbands have even found the Means to provoke their Wives artfully to fue for them, and then pretending to oppose it, they suffer themselves to be cast, like Ovid's Mistress, who was overcome (as he fays) by her own Treachery. This made one of those, who had got rid of his Matrimonial Burthen by this Artifice, and had obtained a Place in this Solitude, have the Picture of a Ship in. Storm drawn in Fresco in his Cell, and the Pilot calling out to the Sailors to fling over board all the heaviest Luggage, in Obedience to which Order, one of them takes up his Wife, and throws her into the Sea, with the following Lines at the Bottom of the Picture :

Whilft th' angry Waves run Mountains high. And o'er the Shatter'd Vessel break, Throw over board, the Sailors cry. Your heaviest Goods, for all's at Stake. Pleas'd with this Order to comply. I to the Floods commit my Wife, For fure I am that never I. Had heavier Goods in all my Life.

The other Peninsula is that of Widowhood, which is upon a Promontory that lies towards the South, and is only separated from the rest of the Mand, by a very narrow Neck of Land, which is wholly taken up by a magnificent Mansoleum, built after the Model of that of Queen Artemifa; infomuch that there is no passing for any one from the Isle of Marriage, to the District of Widowbood, but through this Tomb, by the Means of a fubterraneous Vault, that is contrived under it.

The Inhabitants always make their Entrance there in Mourning, and they live there in Joy and Pleasure; the Air of this Country, which every one there breaths with Freedom, being the most consolatory in the World. Nevertheless, all the Inhabitants are not able to relish it with Pleasure, and Satisfaction; for there comes a Wind, from the Coast of a certain little Province of the Island, called Binubia, whose malignant Atoms

cause

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For sure I am that never I,
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cause new Itchings, which create such Uneasiness, as those that are troubled therewith, believe they can have no Cure for, without going to Binubia, and breathing the Air of that Place.

One cannot re-enter the Island of Marriage, but by this Coast, which makes a little separate Province, and has even some particular Laws, which are not observed in the other Provinces.

In order to set sail for this little Country of Binubia, the Inhabitants of the Peninsula of Widowhood, must embark at a certain little Port, which has taken its Name from the celebrated Ephesian Matron, because it was there she took shipping with her Soldier, in order to set sail for Binubia. Nevertheless several Persons have given it the Name of Evil Counsel, although the Marble, that is at the Foot of an old Statue which is placed there, gives very good Counsel in the sollowing Verses, which are to be seen thereon.

Why will you part with that dear Liberty,
Which you've so sigh'd for, and so dearly bought?
Why run again into that Slavery,

Whence fortunately you by Death was brought?
From Shipwrack once escaped the prudent Man,

When he's arriv'd safe at his wish'd for Port, Tempts he the Dangers of the Sea again,

To make himself of Winds and Waves the Sport?

And

## Island of Marriage.

And on the other Side of the Marble, one may read these other Verses.

> Whoe'er, once freed from Marriage Chain, Hamper themselves therein again, Incorrigible write them down, A Title they can't well difown; And I, with all my Soul, confent, To doom them to the Punishment, Those barden'd Culprits must expect, Whom Mercy shewn will not affect.

'Tis impossible to imagine with what violent Fits of Laughter, what cutting Raillery, the Inhabitants of Widowhood banter those who set out for Binubia; they hire an infinite Number of Hawkers, who are perpetually hollowing in their Ears, A Warning to all old Widows, who marry fecond Husbands. The lamentable History and Downfall of the old Widower, who married his . Cook-maid; come a Halfpenny a Piece, a Halfpenny a Piece, and a Thousand other such biting Jests, in Derifion to those, who have not the Resolution to keep themselves in that happy State, which perhaps they have ardently with'd for a hundred Times, before the happy Minute of their Dellverance came. Chair ships do their out private Ac

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Patience, too foon your Blis you boaft, Perhaps you count without your Hoft; Already once the Fool you've play'd, And may again, you're not yet dead.

And perhaps they are not very much in the Wrong, when they answer them in this Manner; for it frequently happens that we fall into that very fame Error, for which we have been the first to reprehend others; and most Part of the Inhabitants of Binubia, did not engage in fecond Marriages, till after they had often endeavoured to diffuade others from it.

Binubia, is a little City, whose Buildings are for the most Part old, and almost ready to fall; only the Walls are new white-wash'd, new plaifler'd up, and new painted according to Art, to hide all Defects. Every Thing there has a melancholy and mournful Aspect: and as almost every Match there has been made by the Influence of Self-Interest, all there are intent upon managing their Affairs to their own private Ad-

vantage,

vantage, at the Expence of their Partner, whom they flatter themselves with the Hopes of surviving. Accordingly the very best Employment of any in this Country, is to follow the Law, in order to take Advantage of the innumerable Law-Suits which are daily caused by second Marriages.

Nothing is to be heard there, but the Complaints, and mournful Lamentations, of Children by a first Marriage, who have been robb'd, and cheated of their Right, to inrich those by a second; with endless Enquiries into Titles to Estates, to which the Lawyers at last become the Principal Heirs; and Disputes about Guardians Accounts, and false Inventories: In short, every Thing there is in Trouble and Confusion, and the Pettyfoggers have not in the World fuch another fruitful Nursery of Law-Suits.

Having now given you an Account of all the different People that inhabit the Island of Marriage; viz. the Discreet, the Ill-match'd, the Ill-at-Eafe, the Jealous, the Cuckolds, the Binubians, the Divorced, and the Inhabitants of Widowbood; nothing remains but to give likewife fome Description of their Enemies, the Amathontins, and the perpetual Wars they have with them. Trait sin , brook removed was to trait our Distriction

I have already observed that Amathoniis, or the Island of Lovers, is not far distant from the Isle of Marriage; and indeed it is so near, that the Amathoniins are every Moment invading them in prodigious Numbers, and never fail making terrible Havock amongst them; insomuch that they are very seldom driven out again, when they have once got Footing there. One Province or other is always warmly engaged with them, especially Cuckoldshire, which is over-run with their Multitudes, and the others are not free from them.

Their Manner of waging War is very pleafant, for it is not in Incursions, that make a great Noise and Bustle in the World, that they place their chief Hope, and Dependence; no, they do their Business much better, by introducing themselves without Clamour, by getting Footing privately, and by gaining over to their Interest all the most considerable Persons in the Country: But they have no sooner made a Lodgment any where, but they know how to maintain themselves therein, and the sewer they march in Company, the more formidable they are.

It is not then with open Force, that they attack the Enemy whom they delign to overthrow; one hears neither Trumpet found, nor Drum heat, when they march either to form a Fort, or to

give

give Battle; all is done without Noise; Advances are all made either by Intrenchment, or by Sap, and their Battles are all reduced to single Combat, every Man singling out the Enemy, with whom he chooses to encounter.

As for their Weapons, Volleys of Sighs are their only Small-Arms; Languishing and dying Eyes, their only Swords; and the faftest and most tender Expressions, their most dangerous Artillery: They have indeed a Kind of Short Stilletto which they always carry about them conceal'd, and with which they sometimes give dangerous Stabs; but this is never but when they are very close, and very warmly engaged, and have the Enemy down and at a Disadvantage, for which Reason some Perfons will fcarcely allow it to be a fair Weapon; but, be that as it will, it is well known, that few of the Enemy are afraid of its most home Thrusts. Their greatest Valour then consists only in their Submission and Complaisance to their Enemies; their Glory is wholly confin'd to leading them with their own Spoils; and their most compleat Victory is in expiring between the Arms of the conquer'd Enemy; in short, the more secret their Triumphs are, the greater Pleasure they take in them.

By this Conduct, and provided the Sinews of War are not wanting, there is nothing which an D 3 Amathontin

act of taids.

Amathontin cannot effect: No Fortifications are
Proof against their Cannon, nor is there any Fort
which will not furnander, it they persevere in their
Attacks. This made them once put the following
Inscription upon a Quiver, which they dedicated
to the God of Love.

In th' Island which from Marriage takes its Name,

Especially among state Jewlous Sands,

The watchfull'st, haughtiest, and descreetest Dume,

With Dissiculy can escape our Hands:

Yet do we never open War declare,

We are a kind of subtle Privateers;

And swhen we find a tender hearted Fair,

With all her num'rous Train of Hopes and Fears;

Les Argus all his Hundred Eyes employ;

Still will we be the Masters of the Field,

In Spight of him we'll seize the killing Joy,

And force the coyest, stubborn's She to yield.

Neither do they often fail of being as good as their Words. These Amathonius, are an agreeable, free, good-humoured, generous, and disinterested People, insomuch that instead of ravaging, and amassing Spoils in the Country of Marriage, they spend at such a Rate, that they very esten enrich those they have overthrown, and those

those who have consided at their getting any Footing in the Country.

But whoever would attempt to describe all the Wiles, and all the Stratagems, whereof this artful Nation makes use of, in order to introduce themselves, make a Lodgment, and gain a compleat Victory, would be obliged to write Millions of Volumes. Not but that there are among them an infinite Number of Inconstants, Indiscreet Ones, and Impostors; one may hear Complaints made of them every Day. But, notwithstanding all these Complaints, there would be no living without them, and half their Enemies would be in a very sad Condition, if they should cease to make War upon them.

Tis impossible to conceive into what a good Humour the Reading of this agreeable Piece put the whole Company, by its humerous Description of the Isle of Marriage. All owned it to be exquisitely imagined, and to be carried on with the nicest Judgment; at last it brought into our Minds the celebrated Map of Tender in the Romance of Clelia, which formerly was highly extoll'd, but every one agreed that this had several Beauties, and a Delicacy, and Turn, which the other was far from coming up to.

Every one then called to Remembrance those Places which had made the most lively Impres-

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fion upon their Imagination; but of all the Parts of the Island, they always returned again to Hornborough, through a certain natural Inclination, which seems to draw all the World thither; either to make Part of its Inhabitants, or to laugh at them, and very often for both. For the Citizens of this vast City have this merry Faculty belonging to them, that they generally ridicule one another; some to divert Peoples Thoughts from being fixed upon them, and others to comfort themselves for their own Disgrace.

At last, Melinda, one of the three Ladies who were with us, and who has a delicate and just Way of thinking and expressing herself, turned about to me, and asked me, If I could give any. Reason, why People were fond of having it thought, that the Horned Society are the Chief, and most numerous Part of the Inhabitants of this vast Country.

You ask me -a Question, Madam, said I, to which it is not very difficult to find an Answer; for as soon as you restect, that this formidable Society consists for the most Part of Men who are haughty, unsociable, morose, snappish, ill-natured, uncomplaisant, uneasy in their Circumstances, and perpetually employed about every Thing that is the most unlikely to render a Man gallant and agreeable,

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agreeable, you will find more Reasons than one, for what you desire to know.

These sew Words opened us a large Field of Scandal, and gave us sull Scope to take a general Review of some Hundreds of our Acquaintance, which we accordingly did afterwards, Time not then permitting by Reason Dinner was ready: Wherefore we adjourned our Satire 'till Afternoon, at the joint Invitation of Ceres, Bacchus, and our own Appetites, which were by this Time pretty sharp set. What passed afterwards may possibly prove the Entertainment of another Day, if this meets with a savourable Acceptance from the Town.

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Live for and gave as had been to the a general living and gave as had been to the a general living on our Aequalitation, which we accordingly did not away with. I me not the permitted by Leader Linger was stady:

When the according to Leader Linger was stady:

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